



## ALPHA LSI AUTOLOAD

### INTRODUCTION

The NAKED MINI LSI/ALPHA LSI Autoload program provides a fast, convenient method of program loading without the need of a resident bootstrap. Autoload is implemented in a Read-Only-Memory (ROM) and supports Teletype and High Speed Paper Tape, 9-track open reel Magnetic Tape, Digital Cassette and Moving Head Disk. Autoload is available as part of the NAKED MINI LSI/ALPHA LSI Autoload option.

### ENVIRONMENT

The Autoload program does not occupy any memory, but does require the usage of base page locations : 30 through : 3B for scratch when loading from paper tape devices.

Autoload requires one or more of the following input devices:

- ASR-33 or ASR-35 Teletype Reader
- High Speed Paper Tape Reader
- 9-Track Open Reel Magnetic Tape
- CAI Digital Cassette System
- CAI Moving Head Disk System

If multiple magnetic tape, cassette or disk drives are available, Autoload will load from the device designated as unit 0.

### FEATURES

- Selectively loads from any of the five devices.
- Loads most binary tapes as produced by the BETA assemblers.
- Loads all binary tapes produced by the Binary Punch (BDP) Program.
- Loads absolute or relative (at program specified origin or at operator specified origin).
- Features load-and-halt or load-and-execute modes of operation.
- Performs checksum and format verification on paper tape input.

### LIMITATIONS

- Locations : 30 through : 3B must be available (not loaded into) for Autoload scratch use.



## PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Autoload program provides two modes of operation dependent upon the device being utilized; "binary" format program tapes for teletype and high speed reader, and single record "bootstraps" for magnetic tape, cassette and disk.

### Teletype and High Speed Reader:

The Autoload program will load (and optionally relocate) binary tapes produced by the Binary Dump Program (BDP). In addition, object programs as produced by the BETA assembler may be loaded directly if they do not contain any literals, external references or external definitions.

Because the Autoloader program uses locations : 30 through : 3B for scratch, these locations cannot be loaded and any prior contents of these locations will be destroyed by Autoload. If it is desired to load locations 0 to : 2F from a tape produced by BDP, these locations should be punched first followed by a second punch operation beginning at location : 3C or higher. Loading over locations : 30 through : 3B will cause erroneous operation of Autoload. An object program using locations 0 to : 2F should have the following form to load correctly:

```

ABS    0
  |
  |      instructions for locations 0 to : 2F
  |
  |
ABS    : 3C
  |
  |      remainder of program
  |
  |
  
```

### Magnetic Tape, Cassette and Disk:

For these devices, the Autoload program will load the first record (sector 0 for disc) beginning at location : 0 (or any other location selected) of memory. If the load and execute option was selected (SENSE switch set), Autoload will then enter the record loaded at its relative zero location.

This mode of operation provides a convenient method of "bootstrapping" into memory the first record of the user's system, program, etc. This record can then bring in any other segments, as required.

Because the Autoloader program uses locations : 30 through : 3B for scratch, these locations cannot be loaded and any prior contents of these locations will be destroyed by Autoload.



## PROGRAM OPERATION

Prior to operation of the Autoload program, the user must select the device to be used and, if relocation is desired, the starting load location.

### Program Loading:

Device selection requires that the value corresponding to the device and load mode be entered in the Console Sense Register. The possible values are:

Mode \ Device	Device				
	TTY	HSPT	MT	Cassette	Disc
Load Abs.	: 0	: 1	: 2	: 3	: 4
Load Rel.	: 8	: 9	: A	: B	: C

If relocation was selected, the starting load location must be entered in the X register. The SENSE switch must be set if the load-and-execute mode is desired.

Depression of the AUTO switch will now initiate the Autoload program.

### End Action:

The action performed at the end of the Autoload operation is dependent upon the device used.

#### Teletype and High Speed Paper Tape Reader:

After a successful load (a zero length record encountered without errors) control is transferred to the start location of the loaded program if:

- 1) A valid start address was on the tape, and
- 2) The SENSE switch was set.

If the SENSE switch was reset, or if no valid start address was found, Autoload will halt with : 0800 in the I register; the next location available for loading in the X register; and the start address in the A register will be negative (: FFFF) if no valid start address found.

To load another program depress the AUTO switch. Loading will continue at the next available location (X register) if relocatable mode was selected.



### Magnetic Tape, Cassette and Disk:

After a successful load, control will be transferred to location zero of the program loaded if the SENSE switch was set. If the SENSE was reset, Autoload will halt with : 0800 in the I register.

### Error Handling/Recovery:

The action performed, and recovery available, is dependent upon the device used.

### Teletype and High Speed Paper Tape Reader:

If an invalid checksum or tape format error is detected, Autoload will halt with : 0801 in the I register. Format errors can be caused by attempting to load an object program that contains literals, external references or definitions.

In the event of an error, it is possible to backup the paper tape one record and depress AUTO to continue. This is not recommended, however, since it is possible that a record read in error could overlay other portions of the program. It is recommended that loads exhibiting errors be completely repeated.

### Magnetic Tape, Cassette and Disk:

If an error occurs while attempting to load from one of these devices, the Autoload program will halt with : 0801 in the I register. To retry, the user should depress AUTO.



## APPENDIX A

## Autoload Operation Summary

The procedure to load programs into memory with the Autoload program is as follows:

1. Enable the Console by moving the Console Enable slide switch (located in the recess on the right side of the Console) to the enable position (up). The ENABLE indicator on the front panel will turn on.
2. If the STOP indicator is off, press the STOP switch to halt the computer. The indicator will turn on.
3. Press the RESET switch to clear the computer.
4. If relocation is desired, enter the beginning load location in the Index (X) register:
  - a. If the SENSE/DATA indicator is on, press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Data register. The indicator will turn off.
  - b. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - c. Enter the beginning load location into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - d. Press the X switch to transfer the address to the X register.
5. Enter into the Console Sense register the value (see Table A1) corresponding to the device and load mode desired:
  - a. If the SENSE/DATA indicator is off, press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Sense register. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the appropriate hex value from Table A1, below, into the Console Sense register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to disable the Console Sense register. The indicator will turn off.
6. Set the SENSE switch (turn the SENSE indicator on) if load-and-execute mode desired. Otherwise reset the switch (turn indicator off).
7. Ready the load device.



8. Press the STOP switch to enable RUN mode (the STOP indicator will turn off). This enables RUN mode, but does not cause the computer to enter the RUN mode.
9. Press the RESET switch to clear the computer.
10. Press the AUTO switch to execute the Autoload program. The AUTO indicator will remain on until the load is completed.

Device Mode	TTY	HSPT	MT	Cassette	Disk
Load Abs.	: 0	: 1	: 2	: 3	: 4
Load Rel.	: 8	: 9	: A	: B	: C

Table A1

## Load Mode Selection



## BINARY LOADER (BLD)

### INTRODUCTION

The Binary Loader (BLD) is a short, "basic" loader available to load the Object Loader (LAMBDA) or other binary programs, as produced by the Binary Dump program (BDP), into memory. BLD is a "binary relocatable" program and may reside anywhere in memory. Typically, BLD is loaded into upper memory (at location : 0FB0 in 4K, : 1FB0 in 8K, etc.) using the Bootstrap Loader (BOOT).

### ENVIRONMENT

#### Hardware Required:

1. ALPHA LSI or ALPHA 16 series computer
2. ASR 33/35 Teletype or High Speed Paper Tape Reader

#### Software Required:

1. Bootstrap Loader (BOOT)

### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Binary Loader will load all tapes produced by the Binary Dump program, and all "binary" programs produced by the BETA assemblers. A Binary program is one which contains only ORG's (REL or ABS, but no mode mixing), END or DATA statements and contains no out of range instructions, literals or external references or definitions. Additionally the RES directive may be used only in its single parameter form (i.e., no fill value appended).

#### Binary Tape Format

A binary tape, as produced by BDP or the BETA assembler, contains loader type codes and data or instructions grouped into records. Each record begins with a record marker (: FF) and a record length (in bytes) and is terminated with a checksum (figure 1).

The tape is terminated with an end-of-file (EOF) record, consisting of a record marker and a record length of zero.



## Binary Loader Type Codes

The binary loader recognizes the loader type codes described below:

EOF (code = : 00) .	EOF is denoted by a "null" record; i.e., a record marker (: FF) with a record count of zero.
Begin Program (code = : 01) .	The type code is followed by two bytes of zeros.
END absolute (code = : 02) .	The type code is followed by two bytes containing the start address. A negative value indicates no start address.
END relocatable (code = : 03) .	The type code is followed by two bytes containing the start address. A negative value indicates no start address.
ORG absolute (code = : 04) .	The type code is followed by two bytes of absolute load address.
ORG relocatable (code = : 05) .	The type code is followed by two bytes of relative load address.
DATA absolute (code = : 06) .	The type code is followed by a two byte count of the number of data words to load. This is followed by the data, packed two bytes per word.
DATA relocatable (code = : 07) .	The type code is followed by a two byte count of the number of data words to load. This is followed by the relocatable data, packed two bytes per word.

## Checksum

A rotating, Exclusive OR byte checksum is computed for all bytes of the record except for the record marker and the checksum itself. The following is the checksum sequence:

LDA	BYTE	character to checksum
EMA	CKSUM	checksum word
RRA	1	
JOR	+\$2	
ADD	H80	add hexadecimal 80
XOR	CKSUM	
AND	HFF	keep low 8 bits
EMA	CKSUM	new checksum word

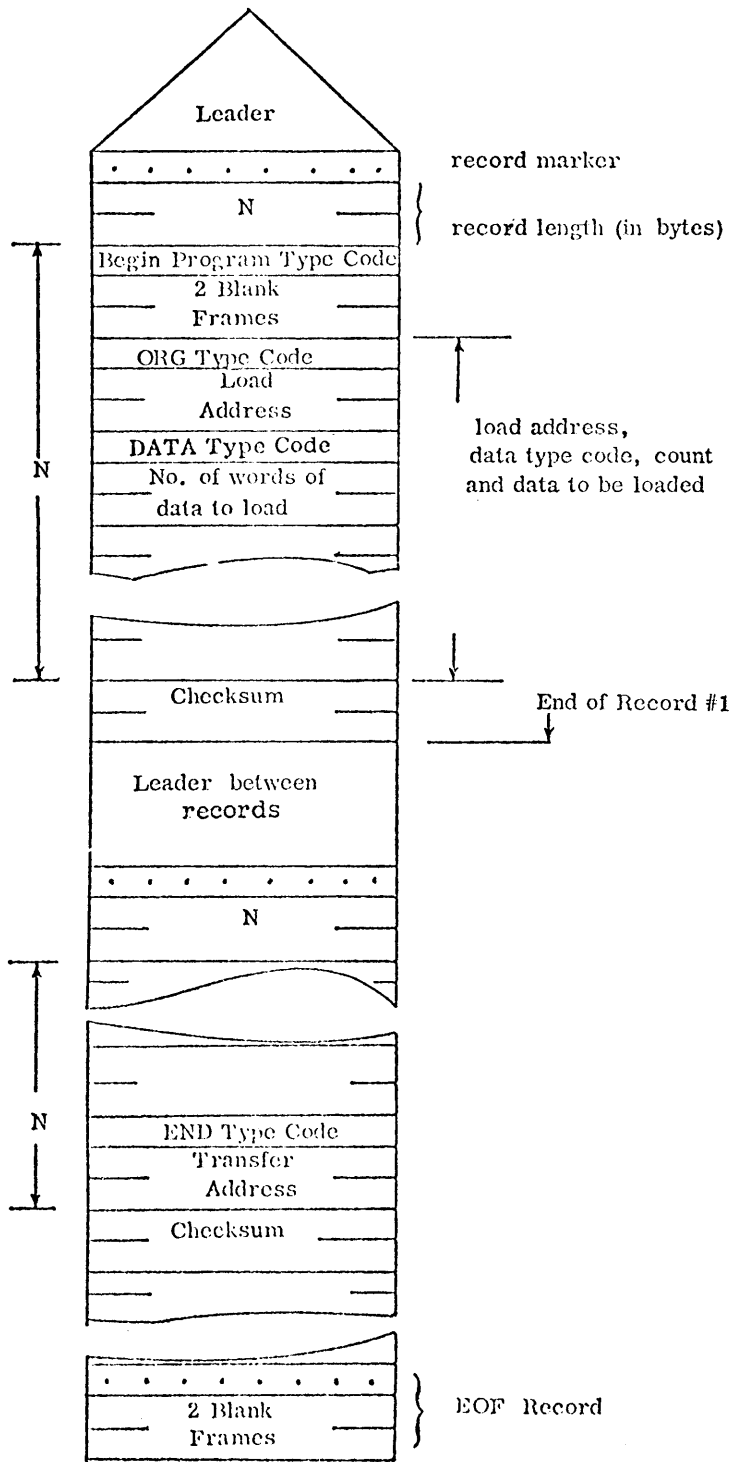


Figure 1. Binary Tape Format



## PROGRAM OPERATION

### Program Loading

BLD is loaded into available memory using the Bootstrap Loader (BOOT), typically directly below the Bootstrap.

### Operation

Loading is initiated by entering BLD at relative location zero (first location of BLD). If the program to be loaded is to be relocated (loaded at a location other than the location punched by the Binary Punch program, BDP), the load bias desired (difference between assembled load address and load address desired) must be entered in the X register and the value : 8 entered in the console prior to execution of BLD.

BLD will accept input from either the TTY paper tape reader or from the high speed paper tape reader; whichever is ready.

### End Action

Upon encountering an end-of-file, BLD will halt with : 0800 in the I register and the X register will contain the next location available for loading. The A register will be set to zero indicating a valid checksum comparison was made.

Pressing RUN will cause BLD to be re-entered at relative location zero and the next binary tape to be loaded. Refer to the operation section above.

### Error Handling/Recovery

The binary loader detects invalid type code and checksum errors and halts with the error code (: 0800) in the I register.

A checksum error will cause the tape to halt on the last frame of the record with the difference between the computed checksum and that read from the tape displayed in the A register.

A type code error will cause the tape to halt within the record, two frames past the frame in question. The user should verify the tape being loaded is of a form loadable by BLD.



## Appendix A

## BLD OPERATION SUMMARY FOR ALPHA LSI COMPUTER

The procedure for loading programs into an ALPHA LSI computer using the Binary Loader is as follows:

1. Load BLD into memory using the Bootstrap procedure (location : 0FB0 for 4K, : 1FB0 for 8K, etc.).
2. If the STOP indicator is off, press the STOP switch to halt the computer. The indicator will turn on.
3. Press the Console RESET to clear the computer.
4. If the SENSE/DATA indicator is on, press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Data register. The indicator will turn off.
5. Enter into the Program Counter (P) register the starting location of BLD (: nFB0).
  - a. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the address into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Depress the P switch to transfer the address to the P register.
6. If the program is not to be relocated, proceed to step 9.
7. Enter the relocation bias into the Index (X) register.
  - a. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the address into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Depress the X switch to transfer the address to the X register.



8. Enter the relocation indicator (: 8) into the Console Sense register.
  - a. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Sense register. The indicator will go on.
  - b. Enter : 8 into the Console Sense register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to disable the Console Sense register. The indicator will go off.
9. Place the binary tape in the selected reader (HSR or TTY) with the leader over the read station.
10. 'Ready' the selected reader. Be sure to check that both the high speed reader and the teletype reader are not both 'ready' (one or the other but not both).
11. Press the STOP switch to enable RUN mode. The STOP indicator will turn off. This enables the RUN mode, but does not cause the computer to enter RUN mode.
12. Press the RESET switch to clear the computer.
13. Depress the RUN switch. The program will be loaded into memory and the processor will halt with : 0800 in the I register indicating a successful load (: 0880 if an illegal type code was encountered or a checksum error occurred). To display the I register:
  - a. Press the STOP switch to disable RUN mode. The STOP indicator will turn on.
  - b. If the WRITE/READ indicator is on, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register display. The indicator will turn off.
  - c. Depress the I switch to display the contents of the I register in the Console Data register.
14. The X register will contain the next sequential memory location available for loading. To load another binary tape at this location, repeat this procedure from step 8. Depress the X switch to display the contents of the X register in the Console Data register.
15. To load another binary tape at some location other than the next one in sequence, repeat this procedure from step 6.



## Appendix B

## BLD OPERATION SUMMARY FOR ALPHA 16 COMPUTER

The procedure for loading programs into an ALPHA 16 computer using the Binary Loader is as follows:

1. Load BLD into memory using the Bootstrap procedure (location : 0FB0 for 4K, : 1FB0 for 8K, etc.).
2. Depress the STOP switch. Check that the MANual EXecute switch is not depressed.
3. Depress the Console RESET to clear the computer.
4. Enter into the Program Counter (P) register the starting location of BLD (: nFB0).
  - a. Raise all Register Select switches.
  - b. Depress the P Register Select switch.
  - c. Enter the starting address of BLD on the Data Entry switches.
  - d. Depress the ENTRY switch.
5. If the program is not to be relocated, proceed to step 8.
6. Enter the relocation bias into the Index (X) register.
  - a. Depress the X Register Select switch.
  - b. Enter the load address on the Data Entry switches
  - c. Depress the ENTRY switch.
7. Enter the relocation indicator (Data Switch 3) into the Data Switches.
  - a. Raise all Data Switches.
  - b. Depress Data Switch 3.
8. Raise the STOP switch.



9. Place the binary tape in the selected reader (HSR or TTY) with the leader over the read station.
10. 'Ready' the selected reader. Be sure to check that both the high speed reader and the teletype reader are not both 'ready' (one or the other but not both).
11. Depress the RUN switch. The program will be loaded into memory and the processor will halt with : 0800 in the I register indicating a successful load (: 0880 if an illegal type code was encountered or a checksum error occurred). To display the I register:
  - a. Raise all Register Select switches.
  - b. Depress the I Register Select switch.
12. The X register will contain the next sequential memory location available for loading. To load another binary tape at this location, repeat this procedure from step 7. To display the X register, depress the X register select switch.
13. To load another binary tape at some location other than the next one in sequence, repeat this procedure from step 6.

```

0002
0003 *
0004 * ALPHA-16/ALPHA-LSI BINARY LOADER (BLD) 96002
0005 * COPYRIGHT 1973 BY COMPUTER AUTOMATION, INC.
0006 * THIS PROGRAM IS BINARY RELOCATABLE
0007 * STANDARD LOAD LOCATION = :NFB0
0008
0009
0010
0011 *
0012
0013
0014
0015
0016
0017
0018
0019
0020
0021
0022
0023
0024
0025
0026
0027
0028
0029
0030
0031
0032
0033
0034
0035
0036
0037
0038
0039
0040
0041
0042
0043
0044
0045
0046
0047
0048
0049
0050
0051
0052
0053

```

0006	HSRDA	EQU	6		
0007	TTYDA	EQU	7		
0000		REL	0		
0000	BLD	EQU	5		
0000	EA43	STX	SLOC		SAVE LOAD LOCATION
0001	5801	ISA			CHECK FOR RELOCATION.
0002	3101	JAN	S+2		. REL
0003	9A40	STA	SLOC		. ABS, RESET LOAD LOC TO 0
0004	FA28	BLD1	JST	INPB	GET NEXT CHAR (1 FRAME)
0005	AA3D	XOR	HFF		TEST FOR MARKER.
0006	3142	JAN	BLD1		. NO, KEEP CHECKING.
0007	9A3E	STA	CKSUM		ZERO CHECKSUM
0008	FA1F	JST	INPW		GET RECORD LENGTH (2 FRAMES)
0009	3105	JAN	TYPE		
000A	E23A	LDX	PC		. 0 = NEXT AVAILABLE ADDR
000B	0800	STOP	0		DISPLAY I=:0800, X=NEXT LOC
000C	F60C	JMP	BLD		LOAD SOME MORE
000D		ORG	EQU	5	PROCESS ORG
000D	8A36	ADD	SLOC		ADD OFFSET
000E	9A36	A	STA	PC	MODIFY STORAGE ADDRESS
000F		TYPE	EQU	5	DECODE TYPE CODE
000F	B236	LDA	CKSUM		SAVE CURRENT CHECKSUM
0010	9A36	STA	TEMP		
0011	FA1B	JST	INPB		GET TYPE CODE
0012	212C	JAZ	CKSM		. TC=0, CHECKSUM
0013	0048	TAX			SAVE TC
0014	FA13	JST	INPW		GET DATA WORD
0015	C107	CXI	7		
0016	F207	JMP	DATA		. TC=7, REL DATA
0017	C105	CXI	5		
0018	F60B	JMP	ORG		
0019	13A9	LRX	2		
001A	284B	JXZ	TYPE		. TC=1,2,3
001B	00A8	DXR			. TC=4,5,6,7
001C	3825	JXN	TCERR		. TC ERROR
001D	324F	JOR	A		. TC=4
001E		DATA	EQU	5	PROCESS ABS DATA
001E	0310	NAR			. A= WORD COUNT
001F	9A27	STA	CNT		
0020	FA07	WORD	JST	INPW	GET DATA WORD
0021	C107	CXI	7		
0022	8A21	ADD	SLOC		ADD RELOCATION

```

0054 0023 9821      STA  *PC      STORE IN MEMORY
0055 0024 DA20      IMS  PC       BUMP MEMORY POINTER
0056 0025 DA21      IMS  CNT      BUMP COUNT
0057 0026 F606      JMP  WORD     . AGAIN
0058 0027 F618      JMP  TYPE     . DONE
0059
0060 0028 0800      *
0060 0028 0800      INPW  ENT      INPUT WORD TO A REGISTER
0061 0029 FA03      JST  INPB     GET 1ST BYTE
0062 002A 1357      LLA  8        . SHIFT
0063 002B FA01      JST  INPB     ADD 2ND BYTE
0064 002C F704      RTN  INPW     EXIT
0065
0066 002D 0800      *
0066 002D 0800      INPB  ENT      INPUT BYTE TO A REGISTER
0067 002E 4032      INPB1 SEL  HSRDA,2 STEP HSR
0068 002F 403A      SEL  TTYDA,2 STEP TTY
0069 0030 4931      HSR  SEN  HSRDA,1 HSR READY ?
0070 0031 F202      JMP  TTY     . NO
0071 0032 7831      IBA  HSRDA,1 . READ
0072 0033 F203      JMP  CK
0073 0034 4939      TTY  SEN  TTYDA,1 TTY READY ?
0074 0035 F605      JMP  HSR     . NO
0075 0036 7839      TTY1 IBA  TTYDA,1 . READ
0076 0037 8A0E      CK   EMA  CKSUM  COMPUTE CHECKSUM, SAVE BYTE
0077 0038 11D0      RRA  1
0078 0039 3201      JOR  $+2
0079 003A 8A07      ADD  H80     . TURN BIT 7 ON
0080 003B AA0A      XOR  CKSUM
0081 003C 8206      AND  HFF     . STRIP TO 8 BITS
0082 003D 8A08      EMA  CKSUM  . SWAP BACK
0083 003E F711      RTN  INPB     EXIT
0084
0085      003F      *
0085      003F      CKSM  EQU  $      VERIFY CHECKSUM
0086 003F FE12      JST  INPB     GET FROM TAPE
0087 0040 9206      SUB  TEMP     COMPARE TO CALCULATED
0088 0041 217D      JAZ  BLD1    . OK
0089      0042      TCERR EQU  $      TC OR CHECKSUM ERROR
0090 0042 0880      H80  STOP  :80 . DISPLAY I=:0880
0091
0092 0043 00FF      *
0092 0043 00FF      HFF  DATA :FF
0093 0044 0800      SLOC HLT      START LOAD LOC (BASE)
0094 0045 0800      PC   HLT      CURRENT LOC (WORKING)
0095 0046 0800      CKSUM HLT     CHECKSUM STORAGE
0096      0047      CNT  EQU  $
0097 0047 0000      TEMP DATA 0  CHECKSUM STORAGE
0098
0099      0000      *
0099      0000      END  BLD
0000 ERRORS

```

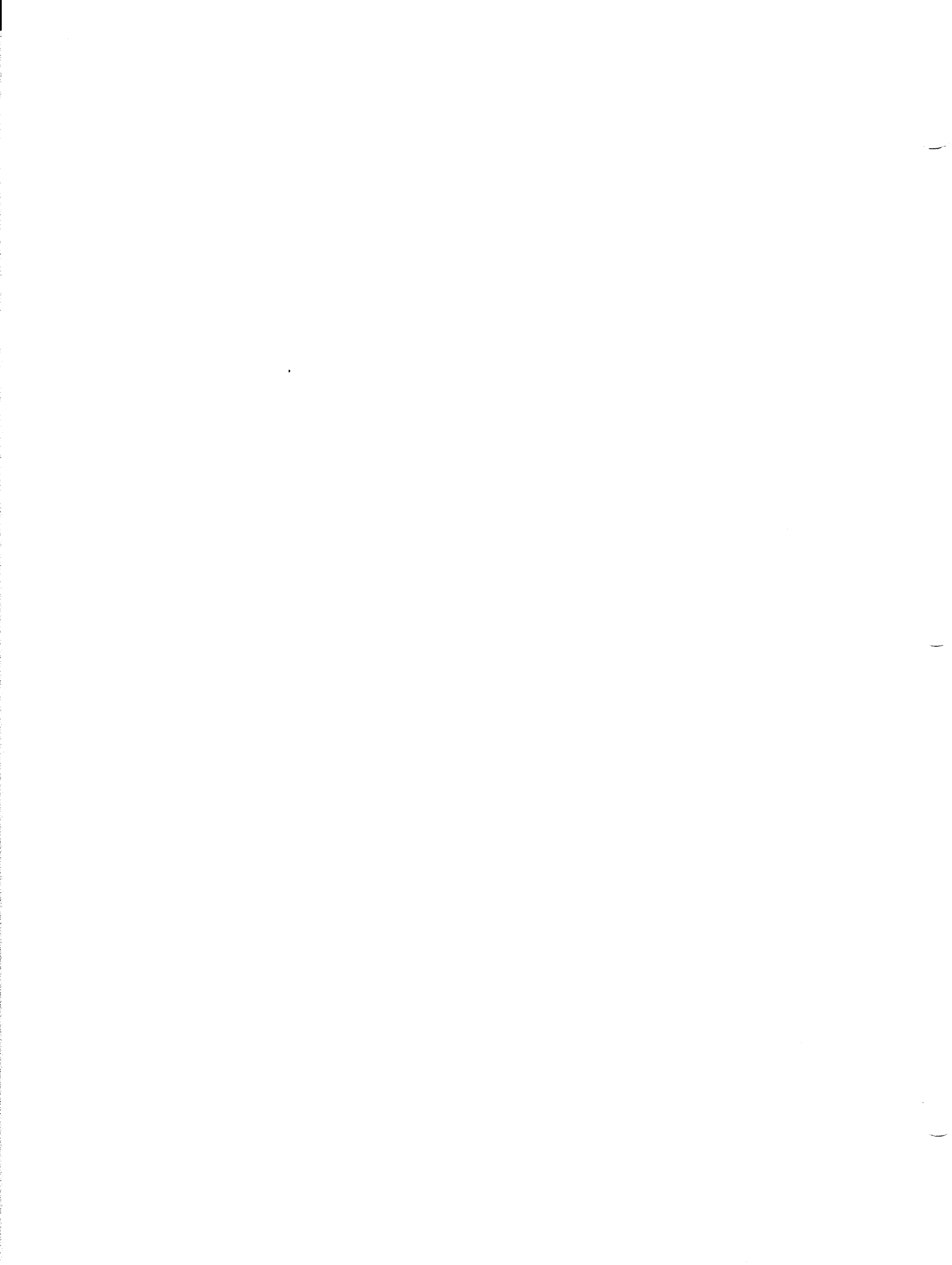
0029	A	0046				
0012	BLD	0025	0099			
0017	BLD1	0019	0088			
0076	CK	0072				
0085	CKSM	0035				
0095	CKSUM	0020*	0032	0076*	0080	0082*
0096	CNT	0050*	0056*			
0048	DATA	0039				
0090	H80	0079				
0092	HFF	0018	0081			
0069	HSR	0074				
0008	HSRDA	0067	0069	0071		
0066	INPB	0017*	0034*	0061*	0063*	0083 0086*
0067	INPB1					
0060	INPW	0021*	0037*	0051*	0064	
0027	ORG	0041				
0094	PC	0023	0029*	0054*	0055*	
0093	SLOC	0013*	0016*	0028	0053	
0089	TCERR	0045				
0097	TEMP	0033*	0087			
0073	TTY	0070				
0075	TTY1					
0009	TTYDA	0068	0073	0075		
0031	TYPE	0022	0043	0058		
0051	WORD	0057				

0090 SOURCE LINES



REQUEST FOR PROGRAMMING ACTION (RPA)

PROGRAM NAME ALPHA 16/LSI LAMBDA Object Loader	PROGRAM ID # 96003-00E0	ORIGINATOR	DATE 11/8/73	RPA# 70						
DESCRIPTION OF PROBLEM  On ALPHA LSI Computers the console RESET button is intended for use as a master clear and system initialization. It should only be used to clear the system prior to operation or to abort and reinitialize a runaway program or peripheral. It is not proper to set up register contents and then press RESET just prior to RUN.										
PROBLEM VERIFIED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO COMMENTS BY: DATE:  Documentary Only: Under "LAMBDA Operation Summary for ALPHA LSI Computers", page 3C-10, delete step 12.										
TEMPORARY PATCH AVAILABLE <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO  <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>LOCATION</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>OLD CONTENTS</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>NEW CONTENTS</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </table>					<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>OLD CONTENTS</u>	<u>NEW CONTENTS</u>			
<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>OLD CONTENTS</u>	<u>NEW CONTENTS</u>								
UPDATED PROGRAM RELEASE SCHEDULED DATE _____ NEW PROGRAM ID _____				APPROVED BY  MS						





## LAMBDA OBJECT LOADER

### INTRODUCTION

The LAMBDA loader loads into memory both the object program tapes produced by the BETA Assembly programs and the binary tapes produced by the Binary Dump program (BDP).

### ENVIRONMENT

The LAMBDA loader is designed to reside in upper memory and will create an external name table, below the loader, expanding toward lower memory (see figure 1). The loader will accept input from either the ASR-33 paper tape reader or a high speed paper tape reader. The optional load map will be produced on the ASR-33 printer or line printer.

### Hardware Required:

ALPHA LSI or ALPHA 16 series computers  
ASR-33 or 35 Teletype or High Speed Paper Tape Reader

### Software Required:

Binary Loader (BLD) or Autoload

### FEATURES

1. Loads either absolute or relocatable object or binary format programs.
2. Maintains, in the base page, a common literal pool insuring that equal valued literals are stored only once.
3. Maintains a table of external reference names and links all of the references as they are encountered. Whenever an external definition is found, the external references are unthreaded to reference the load location of the external name.



4. Satisfies external linkages by generating link addresses in either the base page (see assembler EXTR directive) or in main memory (see assembler REF directive). If EXTR link is requested and if the external definition is already defined and in the base page, a direct link is made.
5. Selective loading from a library tape results in loading only those (unloaded) programs or subprograms referenced by a previously loaded program. User option to override selective loading and unconditionally load all programs read (forced load) is provided.
6. The LAMBDA loader is a 'binary relocatable' program and can reside any place in memory.
7. A load map may be optionally generated on the ASR-33 printer or line printer.

#### PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The LAMBDA loader will load (and optionally relocate) object programs produced by the BETA assemblers or binary programs produced by the Binary Dump Program (BDP). The capability of using a pre-assembled subroutine library is included in a manner which guarantees that required routines will be loaded precisely once. The first program presented to the loader (usually the main program) will be unconditionally loaded. The loading will terminate when an end-of-file is detected on the object tape (see figure 2). At that time, a load map is optionally output and the computer is halted. If additional program modules are required, another object tape (or library tape) may be mounted in the reader and depressing RUN will cause loading to continue to the next end-of-file.

As the loader is designed to 'slough' through an input stream, selecting and loading only those (unloaded) subprograms referenced by a previously loaded program, close attention should be paid to physical subprogram ordering, particularly in the library tape. In the example below, A represents a main program while B, C, D, and E are subprograms. Note that there are four orderings which will result in a one-pass loading; any other ordering will require multiple load passes:

A	calls	C and E
B	calls	D
E	calls	B



correct ordering of library:

A	A	A	A
C	E	E	E
E	C	B	B
B	B	C	D
D	D	D	C

In the event that ordering problems occur, they may be simply resolved by duplication of the offending programs in the library.

LAMBDA also provides an unconditional load (force load) mode of operation should selective loading be undesirable. The user may also specify whether or not the defined and undefined symbols are to be listed on the teletype or line printer (see figure 4).

### Object Tape Format

An object tape, as produced by the BETA assemblers, contains loader type codes and data or instructions grouped into records. Each record begins with a record marker (:FF) and a record length (in bytes) and is terminated with a checksum (figure 3).

The tape is terminated with an end-of-file (EOF) record, consisting of a record marker and a record length of zero.

### Object Loader Type Codes

The object loader recognizes the loader type codes described below:

EOF (code = : 00)

EOF is denoted by a "null" record; i.e., a record marker (:FF) with a record count of zero.

Begin Program (code = : 01)

The type code is followed by two bytes of zeros.

END absolute (code = : 02)

The type code is followed by two bytes containing the start address. A negative value indicates no start address.

END relocatable (code = : 03)

The type code is followed by two bytes containing the start address. A negative value indicates no start address.



ORG absolute (code = : 04)	The type code is followed by two bytes of absolute load address.
ORG relocatable (code = : 05)	The type code is followed by two bytes of relative load address.
DATA absolute (code = : 06)	The type code is followed by a two byte count of the number of data words to load. This is followed by the data, packed two bytes per word.
DATA relocatable (code = : 07)	The type code is followed by a two byte count of the number of data words to load. This is followed by the relocatable data, packed two bytes per word.
RES and store constant (code = : 08)	The type code is followed by a two byte count of the number of words to reserve and a two byte constant to be stored in these words.
BAC relocatable (code : 09)	The type code is followed by a two byte address constant.
MREF absolute literal (code = : 0A)	The type code is followed by a two byte literal and one byte containing the most significant 8 bits of the memory reference instruction.
MREF relocatable literal (code = : 0B)	The type code is followed by a two byte literal and one byte containing the most significant 8 bits of the memory reference instruction.
MREF external (code = : 0C)	The type code is followed by the external name (6 bytes) and one byte containing the most significant 8 bits of memory reference instruction.
External Definition (code = : 0D)	The type code is followed by the external name (6 bytes). The load location counter is used as the definition address.
REF (code = : 0E)	The type code is followed by the external name (6 bytes).



NAME (code = :0F)

The type code is followed by the external name (6 bytes). When used, it is the first type code on the object tape after the record marker and Begin Program type code.

MREF Byte relocatable (code = :10)

The type code is followed by a two byte address and one byte containing the most significant 8 bits of the memory reference instruction.

Checksum

A rotating, Exclusive OR byte checksum is computed for all bytes of the record except for the record marker and the checksum itself. The following is the checksum sequence:

LDA	BYTE	character to schecksum
EMA	CKSUM	checksum word
RRA	1	
JOR	\$+2	
ADD	H80	add hexadecimal 80
XOR	CKSUM	
AND	HFF	keep low 8 bits
EMA	CKSUM	new checksum word

SENSE switch set: No load; list undefined names.

SENSE switch reset:

Print Symbols	Defined and Undefined		Defined Only		Undefined Only		Neither Defined or Undefined
	TTY	LP*	TTY	LP*	TTY	LP*	
Load Mode							
Library	:0	:1	:2	:3	:4	:5	:6
Unconditional	:8	:9	:A	:B	:C	:D	:E

\*Centronics Line Printer. Operation with Data Products Line Printer requires the word NOP:ME in LAMBDA to be NOP'ed prior to operation.

Figure 4. Load Options



## Load Map

Each time the loader encounters an end-of-file in the input stream, a load map is output and the processor halts. The load map consists of three types of outputs:

1. Optional load map indicating names and load locations for external definitions (see figure 4).
2. Optional map of all unsatisfied external references (see figure 4).
3. Load summary line.

Sample load map:

START	0100
SI	0180
LOC	0222
FRAME	U
PUNCH	U
SI	M
E 00FA 0475 0100	

External entry points START, SI, and LOC were loaded at the address shown. External names FRAME and PUNCH were referenced but not loaded yet.

External name SI appeared in 2 program modules. The loader flags the second appearance as multiply defined (M). The first module containing SI was loaded and linked as necessary. The second module was not loaded.

: 00FA is the next base page location that will be assigned by the loader (:FB - :FD have already been assigned).

: 0475 is the highest main memory location loaded +1. In the absence of operator intervention, this will be the next location loaded by LAMBDA.

: 0100 is the transfer address that appeared on the END statement in the last program loaded. If a transfer address did not appear on the END statement, nothing will be shown here (the absence of a transfer address on the summary line indicates no transfer address).

## PROGRAM OPERATION

### Program Loading

LAMBDA is loaded into available memory using the Binary Loader (BLD). The loader will load behind itself; however, no check is made for loading into non-existing memory. For this reason, the loader should reside in high memory.



## Operation

Loading is initiated by entering LAMBDA at relative location zero (first location of LAMBDA). If the program to be loaded is to be relocated from its assembled origin address, the relocation bias (offset from assembled origin address) must be preset in the A register prior to entering the loader.

The loader will normally start assigning base page locations, as needed, starting at location :FD and progressing towards location zero. If :FD is not to be used as the initial base page location, the user may preset any other base page location in the X register prior to entering the loader (X preset to 0 will select the default value of :FD).

The loader will accept input from either the TTY paper tape reader or the high speed paper tape reader (whichever device is loaded and ready).

Reset the SENSE switch and enter the value corresponding to the options selected (see figure 4) into the Console Sense register (low order Data switches on ALPHA-16).

Depress RUN to initiate loading.

At end-of-load (EOF read) the names still undefined may be output by depressing the SENSE switch and RUN switch.

## End Action

Upon encountering an end-of-file, the loader will optionally output the load map and halt. The following actions will be taken if the operator presses RUN:

1. If forced loading option is exercised, the next program or sub-program will be loaded.
2. If the SENSE switch is pressed after loading is completed, a list of undefined (unsatisfied) references will be printed on the selected device.
3. If all external references have been satisfied and a transfer address appeared on an END directive, control will transfer to the transfer address.
4. If a transfer address did not appear on an END directive, the summary line will be output again.
5. If selective loading has been selected and there are still external references to be satisfied, the loader will read the next program(s) from the selected reader.



### Error Handling/Recovery

Detection of an error condition by the loader will cause output of an appropriate error message followed by a computer halt. The error message will contain a one-character error code followed by the last location loaded.

The following errors are detected by the LAMBDA loader:

- C    Checksum error. Loading may be continued by rereading the offending record. It is not advisable to do so.
- T    Type code error. An illegal type code has been encountered on the input tape.
- L    Load location overflow. Program storage requirements have exceeded available memory.
- S    Page zero overflow. Program linkage requirements have exceeded base page capacity.



## Appendix A

## LAMBDA OPERATION SUMMARY FOR ALPHA LSI COMPUTER

The procedure for loading programs into an ALPHA LSI computer using the Object Loader is as follows:

1. Load LAMBDA into high memory using the Binary Loader (BLD) or Autoload.
2. If the STOP indicator is off, press the STOP switch to halt the computer. The indicator will turn on.
3. Press the Console RESET to clear the computer.
4. If the SENSE/DATA indicator is on, press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Data register. The indicator will turn off.
5. Enter the relocation bias (if relocation desired) into the A register (otherwise set A to zero).
  - a. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the address (or zero) into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the A switch to transfer the address to the A register.
6. Enter the initial base page location (if :FD is not desired) into the Index (X) register (otherwise set X to zero).
  - a. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the address (or zero) into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the X switch to transfer the address to the X register.



7. Enter into the Program Counter (P) register the starting location of LAMBDA.
  - a. If the WRITE/READ indicator is off, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register alteration. The indicator will turn on.
  - b. Enter the address into the Console Data register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the P switch to transfer the address to the P register.
  
8. Enter the value corresponding to the mode of loading and output device desired (see figure 4) into the Console Sense register.
  - a. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Sense register. The indicator will go on.
  - b. Enter the applicable value into the Console Sense register via the hex keyboard.
  - c. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to disable the Console Sense register. The indicator will go off.
  
9. Place the object tape in the selected reader (HSR or TTY) with the leader over the read station.
  
10. 'Ready' the selected loader. Be sure to check that both the high speed reader and the teletype reader are not both 'ready' (one or the other but not both).
  
11. Press the STOP switch to enable RUN mode. The STOP indicator will turn off. This enables the RUN mode, but does not cause the computer to enter RUN mode.
  
12. Press the RESET switch to clear the computer.
  
13. Press the RUN switch to initiate loading. The program will be loaded into memory and the processor will halt with :0800 in the I register indicating a successful load (:0801 if an error occurred). To display the I register:
  - a. Press the STOP switch to disable RUN mode. The STOP indicator will turn on.



- b. If the WRITE/READ indicator is on, press the WRITE/READ switch to enable register display. The indicator will turn off.
  - c. Press the I switch to display the contents of the I register in the Console Data register.
14. At end of load examine the load map. If unsatisfied references have been listed, mount appropriate library tape(s) and depress RUN.
15. Repeat step 14 until all unsatisfied references have been loaded.
16. If a transfer address appeared on the END statement and the SENSE Switch and Register Display Indicator 3 is reset, program execution will commence when RUN is depressed. To display the Register Display Indicator:
- a. Press the SENSE/DATA switch to enable the Console Sense Register. The indicator will go on.
  - b. Examine Register Display Indicator 3.



## Appendix B

### LAMBDA OPERATION SUMMARY FOR ALPHA 16 COMPUTER

The procedure for loading programs into an ALPHA 16 computer using the Object Loader is as follows:

1. Load LAMBDA into memory using the Binary Loader (BLD) or Autoload.
2. Press the STOP switch.
3. Press the Console RESET to clear the computer.
4. Enter the relocation bias (if relocation desired) into the A register (otherwise set A to zero).
  - a. Press the A Register Select switch.
  - b. Enter the load address on the Data Entry switches.
  - c. Press the ENTRY switch.
5. Enter the initial base page location (if :FD is not desired) into the Index (X) register (otherwise set X to zero).
  - a. Raise all Register Select switches.
  - b. Press the X Register Select switch.
  - c. Enter the load address on the Data Entry switches.
  - d. Press the ENTRY switch.
6. Enter into the Program Counter (P) register the starting location of LAMBDA.
  - a. Raise all Register Select switches.
  - b. Press the P Register Select switch.
  - c. Enter the starting address of LAMBDA on the Data Entry switches.
  - d. Press the ENTRY switch.



7. Enter the value corresponding to the mode of loading and output device desired (see figure 4) into the low order 4 Data Switches.
  - a. Raise all Data Switches.
  - b. Press the appropriate Data Switches.
8. Raise the STOP switch.
9. Place the object tape in the selected reader (HSR or TTY) with the leader over the read station.
10. 'Ready' the selected reader. Be sure to check that both the high speed reader and the teletype reader are not both 'ready' (one or the other but not both).
11. Press the RUN switch to initiate loading. The program will be loaded into memory and the processor will halt with : 0800 in the I register indicating a successful load (: 0801 if an error occurred). To display the I register:
  - a. Raise all Register Select switches.
  - b. Press the I Register Select switch.
12. At end of load examine the load map. If unsatisfied references have been listed, mount appropriate library tape(s) and press RUN.
13. Repeat step 12 until all unsatisfied references have been loaded.
14. If a transfer address appeared on the END statement and the SENSE Switch and Data Switch 3 are reset, program execution will commence when RUN is pressed.



```

0002      * ALPHA LSI/ALPHA 16 OBJECT LOADER (LAMBDA) 96003
0003      * COPYRIGHT 1973 BY COMPUTER AUTOMATION, INC.
0004      * THIS PROGRAM IS BINARY RELOCATABLE
0005      *
0006      0004 LPDA EQU 4          STANDARD LP DEVICE ADDRESS
0007      0007 TDA EQU 7          STANDARD TTY DEVICE ADDRESS
0008      *
0009      * THE LAMBDA OBJECT LOADER LOADS OBJECT
0010      * PROGRAMS INTO MEMORY, SATISFIES LINKAGES AND
0011      * ASSIGNS LITERALS. THE SYMBOL DEFINITION TABLE
0012      * STARTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE LOADER AND
0013      * WORKS DOWNWARDS. THE LITERALS ARE ASSIGNED
0014      * STORAGE AT :FD AND DOWNWARDS.
0015      *
0016      *
0017      * PROGRAM ENTRY POINT
0018      0AE0 RFL :AE0          4K LOAD LOCATION
0019      0AE0 FAB9 BEGG JST EXT  SETUP REF/DEF TABLE ADDR
0020      * TYPE BRANCH
0021      0AE1 0011 DATA T1-BEGG  START OF RECORD
0022      0AE2 0020 DATA T2-BEGG  END, ABSOLUTE
0023      0AE3 0027 DATA T3-BEGG  END, RELATIVE
0024      0AE4 0056 DATA T4-BEGG  ORG, ABSOLUTE
0025      0AE5 0055 DATA T5-BEGG  ORG, RELOCATABLE
0026      0AE6 0059 DATA T6-BEGG  DATA, ABSOLUTE
0027      0AE7 0058 DATA T7-BEGG  DATA, RELOCATABLE
0028      0AE8 0036 DATA T8-BEGG  RES
0029      0AE9 0064 DATA T9-BEGG  BAC, RELOCATABLE
0030      0AFA 006A DATA TA-BEGG  MREF, ABSOLUTE
0031      0AEB 0069 DATA TB-BEGG  MREF, RELOCATABLE
0032      0AEC 0071 DATA TC-BEGG  MREF, EXTERNAL
0033      0AED 0088 DATA TD-BEGG  EXT
0034      0AEF 008C DATA TE-BEGG  REF
0035      0AEF 0094 DATA TF-BEGG  NAME
0036      0AF0 0068 DATA T10-BEGG MREF, BYTE RELOCATABLE
0037      * BEGINNING OF RECORD
0038      0AF1 3121 T1 JAN ERRT  TYPE ERROR
0039      0AF2 F2C3 JMP START
0040      * THIS ROUTINE STORES A AT THE NEXT BASE PAGE
0041      * LOCATION AND RETURNS THE BASE PAGE LOCATION
0042      * IN A THE BASE PAGE LOCATION IS INCREMENTED
0043      * AND TESTED FOR OVERFLOW
0044      0AF3 0800 SSLOC ENT
0045      0AF4 EADF STX TEMP3
0046      0AF5 E2DA LDX SLOC
0047      0AF6 281E JXZ ERRS1
0048      0AF7 0128 SSLOCA IXR
0049      0AF8 C100 BPT CXI 0          THIS INSTRUCTION IS BUILT.
0050      0AF9 F206 JMP SSLOCB
0051      0AFA 2105 JAZ SSLOCB  ASSIGN VALUE
0052      0AFB D400 CMS 00          VALUE ALREADY THERE?
0053      0AFC 0000 NOP

```

0054	0AFD	F606		JMP	SSLOCA	NO
0055	0AFE	0030		TXA		YES
0056	0AFF	F205		JMP	SSLOCC	
0057	0B00	9BCF	SSLOCB	STA	*SLOC	STORE IN SCRATCH PAD
0058	0B01	B2CE		LDA	SLOC	
0059	0B02	0000		DAR		NEXT STORE LOCATION
0060	0B03	9ACC		STA	SLOC	
0061	0B04	0150		IAR		RETURN WITH A=WHERE STORED
0062	0B05	E2CE	SSLOCC	LDX	TEMP3	
0063	0B06	F713		RTN	SSLOC	
0064			* END,	RELOCATABLE		
0065	0B07	2083	T3	JAM	T21	CONTINUE IF OVERFLOW
0066	0B08	8AC5		ADD	RBASE	OTHERWISE RELOCATE
0067			* END,	ABSOLUTE		
0068	0B09	2081	T2	JAM	T21	CONTINUE IF OVERFLOW
0069	0B0A	9AC6		STA	ELOC	SAVE ADDR IN EXECUTE LOC.
0070	0B0B	B2BF	T21	LDA	HIGH	UPDATE LOAD LOCATION
0071	0B0C	D2C2		CMS	LLOC	SAVE HIGHEST STORE LOCATION
0072	0B0D	B2C1		LDA	LLOC	
0073	0B0E	0000		NOP		
0074	0B0F	9ABA		STA	HIGH	
0075	0B10	9ABD		STA	RBASE	
0076	0B11	9ABD		STA	LLOC	
0077	0B12	F2A3	ISTART	JMP	START	
0078	0B13	C6D4	ERRT	LAP	'T'	TYPE ERROR
0079	0B14	F2CF		JMP	ERR	
0080	0B15	F2CD	ERRS1	JMP	ERRS	
0081			* RES			
0082	0B16	0210	T8	CAR		SAVE WORD COUNT
0083	0B17	9ABD		STA	TRY	
0084	0B18	FAAA		JST	GNW	GET CONSTANT
0085	0B19	DABR	T8A	IMS	TRY	TEST FOR DONE
0086	0B1A	F201		JMP	\$+2	
0087	0B1B	F29A		JMP	START	
0088	0B1C	FAED		JST	SLLOC	AND STORE IN LOAD LOCATION
0089	0B1D	0030		TXA		
0090	0B1E	F605		JMP	T8A	REPEAT IF NOT DONE
0091			* END OF FILE			
0092	0B1F	9AAC	T0	STA	FLOAD	NO FORCE LOADING
0093	0B20	C602		LAP	2	LIST UNDEFINES?
0094	0B21	5C01		INAM	1	READ DATA SWITCHES
0095	0B22	3101		JAN	\$+2	
0096	0B23	FAF6	TOB	JST	PUND	UNDEFINE SYMBOL PRINT
0097	0B24	FAF7	T0A	JST	PEXEC	PRINT EXECUTE INFORMATION
0098	0B25	0010		ARM		
0099	0B26	9AB4		STA	NRD	
0100	0B27	B2A2		LDA	HIGH	GET NEXT LOAD LOCATION
0101	0B28	0800	HALT	STOP	0	LOADER HALT LOCATION
0102	0B29	9AA4		STA	RBASE	SET LOAD AND RELATIVE BIAS
0103	0B2A	9AA4		STA	LLOC	
0104	0B2B	3448		JSS	TOB	LIST UNDEFINES?
0105	0B2C	5801		INA	1	READ FROM DATA SWITCHES

0106	0B2D	13D3	LRA	4	FORCE LOAD?
0127	0B2E	3201	JOR	\$+2	
0108	0B2F	F282	JMP	FL	YES
0109	0B30	B2A9	LDA	UND	TEST NO. OF UNDEF SYMBOLS
0110	0B31	315F	JAN	ISTART	IF A NOT ZERO, CONTINUE
0111	0B32	B29F	LDA	ELOC	LOADING OTHERWISE TEST
0112	0B33	20CF	JAM	T0A	EXECUTION ADDRESS. IF NONE
0113	0B34	F39C	JMP	*ELOC	THEN HALT OTHERWISE EXECUTE
0114			* ORG, RELOCATABLE		
0115	0B35	8A98	T5	ADD	RBASE RELOCATE ADDRESS
0116			* ORG, ABSOLUTE		
0117	0B36	9A98	T4	STA	LLOC PUT ADDRESS IN LOAD LOC.
0118	0B37	F27E		JMP	START
0119			* DATA, RELOCATABLE		
0120	0B38	0108	T7	ZXR	SET RELOCATABLE FLAG
0121			* DATA, ABSOLUTE		
0122	0B39	0310	T6	NAR	SETUP DATA REPEAT COUNT
0123	0B3A	EA98		STX	SPELL SAVE ADD BIAS FLAG
0124	0B3B	9A99		STA	TRY
0125	0B3C	FA86	T6A	JST	GNW GET NEXT DATA WORD
0126	0B3D	E298		LDX	SPELL RESET FLAG
0127	0B3E	3801		JXN	\$+2 IF NOT RELOC., CONTINUE
0128	0B3F	8A8F		ADD	RBASE OTHERWISE RELOCATE DATA
0129	0B40	FAC9		JST	SLLOC AND PUT IN LOAD LOCATION
0130	0B41	0A93		IMS	TRY DONE?
0131	0B42	F606		JMP	T6A NO - REPEAT
0132	0B43	F272		JMP	START YES
0133			* BAC		
0134	0B44	8A89	T9	ADD	RBASE RELOCATE THE BYTE ADDRESS
0135	0B45	8A88		ADD	RBASE AND RELOCATE IT
0136	0B46	FAC3		JST	SLLOC BAC TO LOAD LOCATION
0137	0B47	F26F		JMP	START
0138			* MREF, BYTE RELOCATABLE		
0139	0B48	8A85	T10	ADD	RBASE RELOCATION BIAS FOR BYTE
0140			* MREF, RELOCATABLE		
0141	0B49	8A84	TB	ADD	RBASE RELOCATION BIAS
0142			* MREF, ABSOLUTE		
0143	0B4A	FE57	TA	JST	SSLOC ADDR OF THE NEXT BASE PAGE
0144	0B4B	9A86	TAA	STA	TEMP LOCATION. SAVE BASE PAGE
0145	0B4C	FA9A		JST	GNB ADDRESS AND GET INST. BYTE
0146	0B4D	1357	TAAA	LLA	8 SHIFT INSTRUCTION PART
0147	0B4E	A283		IOR	TEMP
0148	0B4F	FABA		JST	SLLOC PUT INST AND BASE PAGE ADDR
0149	0B50	F265		JMP	START IN NEXT LOAD LOCATION
0150			* MREF, EXTERNAL		
0151	0B51	FAF9	TC	JST	RDS READ SYMBOL AND FIND
0152	0B52	FAE2		JST	FSYM IT IN EXTERNAL DEF TABLE
0153	0B53	B401		LDA	01
0154	0B54	8287		AND	H7FFF
0155	0B55	3111		JAN	TCA CONTINUE IF BASE PAGE
0156	0B56	B400		LDA	00 GET MEMORY LOCATION FLAG
0157	0B57	208A		JAM	TCC DEFINED?

0158	0B58	9A70		STA	TEMP	SAVE LOCATION
0159	0B59	13D7		LRA	8	0-:FF?
0160	0B5A	3184		JAG	TCD	
0161	0B5B	FA8R		JST	GNB	GET INSTRUCTION PART
0162	0B5C	13D0		LRA	1	DROP INDIRECT BIT
0163	0B5D	1350		LLA	1	
0164	0B5E	F611		JMP	TAAA	PROCESS
0165	0B5F	B400	TCD	LDA	#0	CONTINUE WITH BASE PAGE
0166	0B60	FE6D		JST	SSLOC	YES
0167	0B61	F203		JMP	TCB	CONTINUE
0168	0B62	0110	TCC	ZAR		SET STORE FLAG
0169	0B63	FE70		JST	SSLOC	OTHERWISE, ASSIGN IT
0170	0B64	A278		IOR	H8000	
0171	0B65	9C01	TCB	STA	#1	SET SYMBOL BASE PAGE VALUE
0172	0B66	8275		AND	H7FFF	
0173	0B67	F61C	TCA	JMP	TAA	CONTINUE WITH THE BASE
0174			*			PAGE ADDRESS IN THE A REG.
0175			* EXT			
0176	0B68	FAE2	TD	JST	RDS	GET SYMBOL AND ASSIGN
0177	0B69	B265		LDA	LLOC	LOAD LOCATION TO SYMBOL
0178	0B6A	FAFC		JST	DSYM	IN EXTERNAL DEF TABLE
0179	0B6B	F24A		JMP	START	
0180			* REF			
0181	0B6C	FADE	TE	JST	RDS	READ SYMBOL
0182	0B6D	FA07		JST	FSYM	FIND IN EXTERNAL DEF TABLE
0183	0B6E	3083		JAP	TEA	CONTINUE IF SYMBOL THERE
0184	0B6F	B25F		LDA	LLOC	OTHERWISE THREAD IT
0185	0B70	A26C		IOR	H8000	
0186	0B71	BC00		EMA	#0	
0187	0B72	FA97	TEA	JST	SLLOC	SAVE THREAD OR SYMBOL DEF
0188	0B73	F242		JMP	START	
0189			* NAME			
0190	0B74	FAD6	TF	JST	RDS	GET SYMBOL SPELLING
0191	0B75	FADC		JST	SEXT	AND FIND NAME IN TABLE
0192	0B76	F21D		JMP	TF7	IT'S THERE.
0193	0B77	FA6F	TF5	JST	GNB	GET NEXT TYPE CODE
0194	0B78	C005		CAI	5	TEST FOR REL ORG
0195	0B79	F205		JMP	TF1	IT IS
0196	0B7A	D263		CMS	HF	AND TEST IT
0197	0B7B	0000		NOP		
0198	0B7C	F209		JMP	TF4	NOT NAM TEST FOR LOAD
0199	0B7D	FA45	TF3	JST	GNW	GET FIRST 2 LETTERS OF NAM
0200	0B7E	F60A		JMP	TF	
0201	0B7F	FA43	TF1	JST	GNW	GET LOAD VALUE
0202	0B80	2102		JAZ	\$+3	IGNORE IF 0
0203	0B81	FA06		JST	TF2	NOT 0, TEST FOR LOAD
0204	0B82	F64D		JMP	T5	LOAD, GO TO ORG PROCESSOR
0205	0B83	FA63		JST	GNB	GET NEXT TYPE CODE
0206	0B84	C00F		CAI	:F	NAME TYPE CODE?
0207	0B85	F608		JMP	TF3	YES
0208	0B86	FA01	TF4	JST	TF2	NO, TEST FOR LOAD
0209	0B87	F22F		JMP	STARTA	LOAD, GO

0210	0B88	0800	TF2	ENT		
0211	0B89	DA42		IMS	FLOAD	OTHERWISE TEST FOR 1ST LOAD
0212	0B8A	F201		JMP	\$+2	
0213	0B8B	F703		RTN	TF2	LOAD THIS PROGRAM
0214	0B8C	5A01		INX	1	READ DATA SWITCHES
0215	0B8D	13AR		LRX	4	FORCE LOAD?
0216	0B8E	3201		JOR	\$+2	
0217	0B8F	F707		RTN	TF2	YES
0218	0B90	E23A		LDX	NAMEC	NOT 1ST LOAD, TEST FOR NAMES
0219	0B91	3842		JXN	\$-2	NAMES, CONTINUE
0220	0B92	DAF3		IMS	SKIPF	NO, SET SKIP FLAG
0221	0B93	F222		JMP	START	
0222	0B94	2083	TF7	JAM	TF8	DEFINED?
0223	0B95	C6CD		LAP	'M'	YES ERROR
0224	0B96	FAFR		JST	PACHAR	
0225	0B97	F620		JMP	TF5	CONTINUE
0226	0B98	DA32	TF8	IMS	NAMEC	BUMP NEED FLAG
0227	0B99	F622		JMP	TF5	
0228				* START, INITIALIZE PROGRAM		
0229	0B9A	0000	EXT	DATA	0	REF/DEF TABLE START LOC.
0230	0B9B	9A32		STA	RBASE	SET RELOCATE BIAS
0231	0B9C	9A32		STA	LLOC	
0232	0B9D	9A2C		STA	HIGH	
0233	0B9E	3801		JXN	\$+2	SKIP IF NOT ZERO
0234	0B9F	C4FD		LXP	:FD	OTHERWISE SET TO HEX FD
0235	0BA0	EA2F		STX	SBASE	
0236	0BA1	0130		IXA		SET UP COMPARE
0237	0BA2	A2E7		IOR	CXI	
0238	0BA3	9EAB		STA	BPT	
0239	0BA4	13AF		LRX	8	FLUSH BITS 0-7
0240	0BA5	2801		JXZ	\$+2	
0241	0BA6	F23C		JMP	ERRS	
0242	0BA7	0010		ARM		
0243	0BA8	9A28		STA	ELOC	INITIALIZE START VECTOR
0244	0BA9	8E0F		ADD	EXT	
0245	0BAA	9E10		STA	EXT	ADJUST REF/DEF LOCATION
0246	0BAB	9ADC		STA	LLIM	SET LOWER LIMIT
0247	0BAC	8ADE		ADD	END	
0248	0BAD	9AD9		STA	ULIM	COMPUTE UPPER LIMIT
0249	0BAE	0110		ZAR		
0250	0BAF	9A29		STA	NSY	NUMBER OF SYMBOLS IN TABLE
0251	0BB0	9A29		STA	UND	NUMBER OF UNDEFINED SYMBOLS
0252	0BB1	FAF9		JST	CRLF	INITIALIZE PRINTER
0253	0BB2	0010	FL	ARM		
0254	0BB3	9A27		STA	NRD	FORCE A BLOCK RECORD READ
0255	0BB4	9A17		STA	FLOAD	FORCE A LOAD
0256	0BB5	9A17		STA	FREAD	FORCE A READ
0257				* START AND RECYCLE		
0258	0BB6	FA30	START	JST	GNB	GET NEXT TYPE BYTE
0259	0BB7	D2D1	STARTA	CMS	H10	TEST TYPE CODE LIMIT
0260	0BB8	F201		JMP	\$+2	
0261	0BB9	F6A6		JMP	ERRT	TYPE ERROR

```

0262 0BBA 3101          JAN  S+2      END OF FILE?
0263 0BBB F69C          JMP  T0       YES, PROCESS
0264 0BBC 8E22          ADD  EXT
0265 0BBD 0048          TAX
                                AND SAVE
0266 0BRE B400          LDA  #0
0267 0BBF 8E25          ADD  EXT
0268 0BC0 0048          TAX
0269 0BC1 FA01          JST  GNW      READ FIRST WORD
0270 0BC2 F400          JMP  #0
0271
0272
                                * THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE NEXT INPUT BUFFER
                                *
                                *
0273 0BC3 0800          GNW  ENT
0274 0BC4 FA22          JST  GNB      GET FIRST OF TWO BYTES
0275 0BC5 1357          LLA  8        OVER HALF WORD
0276 0BC6 9A0C          STA  TEMP1
0277 0BC7 FA1F          JST  GNB      GET SECOND ONE
0278 0BC8 A20A          IOR  TEMP1
0279 0BC9 F706          RTN  GNW      EXIT
0280
                                * CONSTANT AND STORAGE LOCATIONS
0281 0BCA 0000          HIGH  DATA 0
0282 0BCB 0000          NAMEC DATA 0      COUNT OF NAME DEFINITIONS
0283 0BCC FFFF          FLOAD DATA :FFFF  FORCE LOAD FIRST TIME
0284 0BCD FFFF          FREAD DATA :FFFF  FORCE READ 1ST TIME
0285 0BCE 0000          RBASE DATA 0      PROGRAM RELATIVE BIAS
0286 0BCF 0000          LLOC  DATA 0      CURRENT LOAD LOCATION
0287          0BD0          SBASE EQU $        SPECIAL (PAGE 0)
0288 0BD0 0000          SLOC  DATA 0      LOC CTR FOR SPECIAL AREA
0289 0BD1 FFFF          ELOC  DATA -1     EXECUTE LOCATION
0290 0BD2 0000          TEMP  DATA 0      TEMPORARY STORAGE
0291 0BD3 0001          TEMP1 DATA 1      TEMPORARY STORAGE
0292 0BD4 0000          TEMP3 DATA 0      TEMPORARY STORAGE
0293 0BD5 0000          TRY  DATA 0      TEMPORARY COUNT
0294 0BD6 0000          SPELL DATA 0      LAST SPELLING PROCESSED
0295 0BD7 0000          DATA 0
0296 0BD8 0000          DATA 0
0297 0BD9 0000          NSY  DATA 0      NO OF SYMBOLS IN ENT/EXT TA
0298 0BDA 0000          UND  DATA 0      NUMBER OF UNDEFINED SYMBOLS
0299 0BDB FFFF          NRD  DATA -1     BLOCK RECORD SIZE
0300 0BDC 7FFF          H7FFF DATA :7FFF  CONSTANT
0301 0BDD 8000          H8000 DATA :8000  CONSTANT
0302 0BDE 000F          HF   DATA :F     CONSTANT
0303
                                * THIS ROUTINE PROCESSES ERRORS
0304 0BDF C6C3          ERRC  LAP 'C'     CHECKSUM ERROR
0305 0BE0 F203          JMP  ERR
0306 0BE1 C6CC          ERRL  LAP 'L'     LOAD LOCATION OVERFLOW
0307 0BE2 F201          JMP  ERR
0308 0BE3 C6D3          ERRS  LAP 'S'     PAGE ZERO LOCATION OVERFLOW
0309 0BE4 FAA7          ERR  JST PAHEX    PRNT CHAR IN A AND LOAD LOC
0310 0BE5 0801          STOP 1          ERROR HALT
0311 0BE6 F601          JMP  S-1        MUST START ALL OVER ! ! !
0312
                                * THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE NEXT BYTE IN THE
                                *
                                *
0313

```

```

0314          * THE ROUTINE TESTS CHECKSUM, SKIPS RECORDS, AND
0315          * PROCESSES THE BLOCK RECORD MARK AND WORD COUNT
0316 0BE7 0800 GNB ENT
0317 0BE8 DE0D GNBA IMS NRD START NEW RECORD
0318 0BE9 F217 JMP GNB2 NO, CONTINUE
0319 0BEA DE1D IMS FREAD FIRST READ
0320 0BEB F201 JMP $+2 NO CONTINUE
0321 0BEC F205 JMP GNB1 YES, DON'T DO CHECKSUM
0322 0BED B2D1 LDA CKSUM
0323 0BEE 9E1C STA TEMP SAVE CKECKSUM
0324 0BEF FAD2 JST RDW READ CHECKSUM
0325 0BF0 961F SUB TEMP AND TEST FOR EQUAL
0326 0BF1 3152 JAN ERRC CHECKSUM ERROR
0327 0BF2 FAD6 GNB1 JST RDB GET NEXT BYTE
0328 0BF3 92CA SUB HFF TEST FOR RECORD MARK
0329 0BF4 3142 JAN GNB1 LOOP UNTIL FIND :F (EOF)
0330 0BF5 9AC9 STA CKSUM
0331 0BF6 FACB JST RDW OTHERWISE GET WORD COUNT
0332 0BF7 2110 JAZ GNB4 EOF?
0333 0BF8 0310 NAR NO
0334 0BF9 9E1F STA NRD -(WORD COUNT)
0335 0BFA FACE JST RDB GET NEXT BYTE
0336 0BFB 00D0 DAR TYPE CODE 1?
0337 0BFC 3102 JAN $+3
0338 0BFD 9E32 STA NAMEC YES
0339 0BFE 9A87 STA SKIPF RESET SKIP FLAG
0340 0BFF 0150 IAR
0341 0C00 F201 JMP $+2 TEST FOR LOADING
0342 0C01 FAC7 GNB2 JST RDB
0343 0C02 BA83 EMA SKIPF TEST FOR SKIP
0344 0C03 2102 JAZ GNB3 NO, CONTINUE
0345 0C04 BA81 EMA SKIPF YES, GET NEXT BYTE
0346 0C05 F61D JMP GNBA
0347 0C06 BA7F GNB3 EMA SKIPF
0348 0C07 F720 RTN GNB
0349 0C08 9A7D GNB4 STA SKIPF EOF
0350 0C09 F722 RTN GNB
0351          * THIS ROUTINE STORES A AT THE LOAD LOCATION
0352          * AND INCREMENTS THE LOAD LOCATION. THE LOAD
0353          * LOCATION IS TESTED FOR OVERFLOW
0354          * HIGH IS UPDATED TO THE HIGHEST LOCATION+1 USED
0355 0C0A 0800 SLLOC ENT
0356 0C0B 0048 TAX SAVE STORAGE DATA
0357 0C0C B63D LDA LLOC LOAD LOCATION
0358 0C0D 20EC JAM ERRL TEST LOAD LOC. FOR OVERFLOW
0359 0C0E D279 CMS LLIM OR WITHIN LOADER
0360 0C0F F203 JMP SLLOCA
0361 0C10 D276 CMS ULIM
0362 0C11 F630 JMP ERRL
0363 0C12 0000 NOP
0364 0C13 EF44 SLLOCA STX *LLOC STORE DATA
0365 0C14 DE45 IMS LLOC INCREMENT LOAD LOCATION

```

0360	0C15	B646	LDA	LLOC	GET LOAD LOCATION
0367	0C16	D64C	CMS	HIGH	COMPARE TO HIGHEST
0368	0C17	F70D	RTN	SLLOC	LESS THEN HIGH.
0369	0C18	9E4E	STA	HIGH	GREATER THEN HIGH.
0370	0C19	F70F	RTN	SLLOC	EQUAL TO HIGH
0371			*		
0372	0C1A	0800	PUND	ENT	
0373	0C1B	F20C	JMP	PUND4	GOTO ROUTINE
0374			*		
0375			* THIS ROUTINE PRINTS AN E FOLLOWED BY THE BASE		
0376			* PAGE, LOAD, AND EXECUTE LOCATIONS.		
0377	0C1C	0800	PEXEC	ENT	
0378	0C1D	C6C5	LAP	'E'	
0379	0C1E	FAC2	JST	PTTY	
0380	0C1F	B64F	LDA	SLOC	BASE PAGE LOCATION
0381	0C20	FA7A	JST	PHEX	
0382	0C21	B657	LDA	HIGH	HIGHEST LOAD LOCATION
0383	0C22	FA78	JST	PHEX	
0384	0C23	B652	LDA	ELCC	EXECUTE LOCATION
0385	0C24	2081	JAM	\$+2	IF MINUS DON'T LIST
0386	0C25	FA75	JST	PHEX	
0387	0C26	FA84	JST	CRLF	
0388	0C27	F70B	RTN	PEXEC	
0389			* THIS ROUTINE SEARCHES THE SYMBOL TABLE FOR		
0390			* UNDEFINED EXTERNAL SYMBOLS AND LISTS THEM.		
0391	0C28	E68E	PUND4	LDX EXT	GET SYMBOL TABLE START
0392	0C29	B650	LDA	NSY	NUMBER OF SYMBOLS
0393	0C2A	0310	NAR		
0394	0C2B	2108	JAZ	PUND3	IF ZERO, EXIT
0395	0C2C	9E57	STA	TRY	
0396	0C2D	C305	PUND1	SXI 5	
0397	0C2E	B400	LDA	00	GET NEXT DEFINITION
0398	0C2F	3082	JAP	PUND2	IF DEFINED, CONTINUE
0399	0C30	C6D5	LAP	'U'	OTHERWISE PRINT U AND
0400	0C31	FA60	JST	PACHAR	UNDEFINED SYMBOL
0401	0C32	DE50	PUND2	IMS TRY	TEST FOR DONE
0402	0C33	F606	JMP	PUND1	REPEAT IF NOT DONE
0403	0C34	F71A	PUND3	RTN PUND	
0404			* THIS ROUTINE WILL FIND A SYMBOL IN THE		
0405			* EXTERNAL SYMBOL TABLE OR WILL PUT THE SYMBOL		
0406			* IN THE NEXT AVAILABLE EXTERNAL SYMBOL TABLE		
0407			* LOCATION. THE EXTERNAL SYMBOL TABLE ADDRESS		
0408			* IS RETURNED IN THE A REGISTER AND THE LOCATION		
0409			* IN X. THE TABLE IS TESTED FOR OVERFLOW		
0410	0C35	0800	FSYM	ENT	
0411	0C36	FA1B	JST	SEXT	SEARCH FOR SYMBOL
0412	0C37	F702	RTN	FSYM	SYMBOL IN TABLE
0413	0C38	C305	SXI	5	
0414	0C39	0030	TXA		
0415	0C3A	D283	CMS	HFF	TEST FOR IN BASE PAGE
0416	0C3B	F658	JMP	ERRS	OVERFLOW
0417	0C3C	0000	NOP		

```

0418 0C3D B667 LDA SPELL GET CHARACTERS
0419 0C3E 9C04 STA #4
0420 0C3F B668 LDA SPELL+1
0421 0C40 9C03 STA #3
0422 0C41 B669 LDA SPELL+2
0423 0C42 9C02 STA #2
0424 0C43 DE6A IMS NSY ADD TO COUNT OF SYMBOLS
0425 0C44 B667 LDA H8000 UNDEFINED SYMBOL INDICATOR
0426 0C45 9C01 STA #1 UNDEFINED PAGE 0 REF FLAG
0427 0C46 9C00 STA #0 UNDEFINED REFERENCE FLAG
0428 0C47 EA40 STX LLIM
0429 0C48 DE6E IMS UND COUNT UNDEFINED SYMBOLS
0430 0C49 0000 NOP
0431 0C4A F715 RTN FSYM
0432 * STRING 6 SYMBOL CHARACTERS IN 3 WORD LOCATION
0433 * SPELL
0434 0C4B 0800 RDS ENT
0435 0C4C 9E76 STA SPELL STRING 6 SYMBOL CHARS
0436 0C4D FE8A JST GNW
0437 0C4E 9E77 STA SPELL+1
0438 0C4F FE8C JST GNW
0439 0C50 9E78 STA SPELL+2
0440 0C51 F706 RTN RDS EXIT
0441 * THIS ROUTINE SEARCHES THE EXTERNAL DEFINITION
0442 * TABLE FOR THE SYMBOL IN LOCATION-STRING SPELL.
0443 * IF FOUND, THE EXTERNAL DEFINITION ADDRESS IS
0444 * RETURNED IN X AND THE DEFINITION ADDRESS IS
0445 * RETURNED IN A, AS FOLLOWS:
0446 * JST SEXT
0447 * +1 SYMBOL IN TABLE
0448 * +2 SYMBOL NOT IN TABLE
0449 0C52 0800 SEXT ENT
0450 0C53 E6B9 LDX EXT POINT AT TABLE
0451 0C54 B678 LDA NSY NO OF SYMBOLS
0452 0C55 210E JAZ SEXT2A FIRST SYMBOL, EXIT
0453 0C56 0310 NAR NEGATIVE COUNT TO
0454 0C57 9E82 STA TRY TRIAL COUNTER
0455 0C58 C305 SEXT1 SXI 5 BACK DOWN 5 WORDS
0456 0C59 B683 LDA SPELL
0457 0C5A AC04 XOR #4
0458 0C5B 3106 JAN SEXT2 NO MATCH
0459 0C5C B685 LDA SPELL+1
0460 0C5D AC03 XOR #3
0461 0C5E 3103 JAN SEXT2 NO MATCH
0462 0C5F B687 LDA SPELL+2
0463 0C60 AC02 XOR #2
0464 0C61 2103 JAZ SEXT3 FOUND SYMBOL
0465 0C62 DE80 SEXT2 IMS TRY TEST FOR ALL DONE
0466 0C63 F608 JMP SEXT1 NO, TRY AGAIN
0467 0C64 DE12 SEXT2A IMS SEXT
0468 0C65 B400 SEXT3 LDA #0 DEFINITION
0469 0C66 F714 RTN SEXT

```

```

2470          * THIS ROUTINE DEFINES A SYMBOL. THE EXTERNAL
2471          * SYMBOL TABLE IS TESTED FOR OVERFLOW.
2472          * ALL UNDEFINED REF AND EXTR REFERENCES ARE DEFINED.
2473 0067 0800 DSYM ENT
2474 0068 9E96 STA TEMP SAVE DEFINITION
2475 0069 FE34 JST FSYM
2476 006A 309A JAP DSYM3 ERROR IF SYMBOL DEFINED
2477 006B B691 LDA UND DEC NO. OF UNDEF SYMBOLS
2478 006C 00D0 DAR
2479 006D 9E93 STA UND
2480 006E FE9A STX TEMP1
2481 006F B401 LDA #1 PAGE ZERO REFERENCE
2482 0070 AE93 XOR H8000
2483 0071 2104 JAZ DSYM4 NO UNDEF REF YET,CONTINUE
2484 0072 9C01 STA #1 ELSE DEFINE IT IN PAGE ZERO
2485 0073 0048 TAX
2486 0074 B6A2 LDA TEMP
2487 0075 9C00 STA #0
2488 0076 E6A3 DSYM4 LDX TEMP1
2489 0077 B6A5 DSYM1 LDA TEMP PICK UP DEFINITION
2490 0078 BC00 EMA #0 SWAP DEFINITION AND POINTER
2491 0079 AE9C XOR H8000 GET ACTUAL ADDR OF THREAD
2492 007A 2102 JAZ DSYM2
2493 007B 0048 TAX
2494 007C F605 JMP DSYM1 CONTINUE
2495 007D C604 DSYM2 LAP 4 LIST DEF?
2496 007E 5C01 INAM 1 READ DATA SWITCHES
2497 007F 3105 JAN DSYM3
2498 0080 E6AD LDX TEMP1
2499 0081 FA2F JST PCHAR SYMBOL
2500 0082 B6B0 LDA TEMP
2501 0083 FA17 JST PHEX DEFINITION
2502 0084 FA26 JST CRLF
2503 0085 F71E DSYM3 RTN DSYM
2504 0086 0000 SKIPF DATA 0 SKIP FLAG
2505 0087 0000 ULIM DATA 0 LOADER UPPER BOUND
2506 0088 0000 LLIM DATA 0 LOADER LOWER BOUND
2507 0089 0010 H10 DATA :10 CONSTANT
2508 008A C100 CXI CXI 0
2509 008B 0211 END DATA ENDL-BEGG+1 LOADER SIZE
2510          * THIS ROUTINE PRINTS THE CHARACTER IN A
2511          * FOLLOWED BY THE LOAD LOCATION.
2512 008C 0800 PAHEX ENT
2513 008D FA53 JST PTTY PRINT CHAR IN A
2514 008E B6BF LDA LLOC
2515 008F FA0R JST PHEX PRINT LOAD LOCATION
2516 0090 FA1A JST CRLF CR LF
2517 0091 F705 RTN PAHEX
2518          * THIS ROUTINE PRINTS THE SYMBOL FOLLOWED BY
2519          * A BLANK, FOLLOWED BY THE CHARACTER IN A.
2520 0092 0800 PACHAR ENT
2521 0093 9EC0 STA TEMP1
    
```

```

0522 0C94 FA1C JST PCHAR FOLLOWED BY THE SYMBOL
0523 0C95 C6AM LAP ' '
0524 0C96 FA4A JST PTTY FOLLOWED BY A BLANK
0525 0C97 B6C4 LDA TEMP1
0526 0C98 FA48 JST PTTY PRINT CHAR IN A
0527 0C99 FA11 JST CRLF CR LF
0528 0C9A F708 RTN PACHAR
0529 * THIS ROUTINE PRINTS BLANK FOLLOWED BY THE
0530 * FOUR DIGIT HEX NUMBER IN A.
0531 0C9B 0800 PHEX ENT
0532 0C9C 0648 TAX 4 DIGITS
0533 0C9D C6AM LAP ' '
0534 0C9E FA42 JST PTTY
0535 0C9F C704 LAM 4
0536 0CA0 9A20 STA TEMP2 SAVE COUNT
0537 0CA1 1B03 PHEX1 LLL 4 NEXT DIGIT
0538 0CA2 86C4 AND HF
0539 0CA3 D23A CMS HA
0540 0CA4 8A3A ADD M7
0541 0CA5 0000 NOP
0542 0CA6 8A39 ADD HB7
0543 0CA7 FA39 JST PTTY PRINT IT
0544 0CA8 DA18 IMS TEMP2 TEST COUNT FOR DONE
0545 0CA9 F608 JMP PHEX1 NO, REPEAT
0546 0CAA F70F RTN PHEX
0547 * THIS ROUTINE PRINTS A CARR. RETURN, LINE FEED.
0548 0CAB 0800 CRLF ENT
0549 0CAC C68D LAP :8D
0550 0CAD FA33 JST PTTY
0551 0CAE C68A LAP :8A
0552 0CAF FA31 JST PTTY
0553 0CB0 F705 RTN CRLF
0554 * THIS ROUTINE TYPES 6 ASCII CHARACTERS FROM
0555 * THE LOCATION INDICATED BY X.
0556 0CB1 0800 PCHAR ENT
0557 0CB2 C203 AXI 3
0558 0CB3 C723 LAM 3
0559 0CB4 9A0C STA TEMP2 SAVE COUNT
0560 0CB5 B401 PCHAR1 LDA #1 NEXT CHAR, LEFT BYTE
0561 0CB6 13D7 LRA 8
0562 0CB7 FA29 JST PTTY
0563 0CB8 B401 LDA #1 NEXT CHAR, RIGHT BYTE
0564 0CB9 FA27 JST PTTY
0565 0CBA 20AR DXR
0566 0CBB DA05 IMS TEMP2 TEST COUNT FOR DONE
0567 0CBC F607 JMP PCHAR1 NO, REPEAT
0568 0CBD F70C RTN PCHAR YES, DONE
0569 0CBE 20FF HFF DATA :FF CONSTANT
0570 0CBF 0000 CKSUM DATA 0 CHECKSUM
0571 0CC0 0080 H80 DATA :80 CONSTANT
0572 0CC1 0000 TEMP2 DATA 0 TEMPORARY STORAGE
0573 * THIS ROUTINE READS A WORD AND RETURNS THE

```

```

0574          * WORD IN THE A REGISTER.
0575          0CC2  RDW  EQU  $
0576  0CC2  0800  RPTW  ENT
0577  0CC3  FA05          JST  RPTB  GET HI BYTE
0578  0LC4  1357          LLA  8      SAVE
0579  0CC5  9E04          STA  TEMP2
0580  0CC6  FA02          JST  RPTB  GET LO BYTE
0581  0CC7  A606          IOR  TEMP2
0582  0CC8  F706          RTN  RPTW  EXIT
0583          * THIS ROUTINE READS A BYTE AND RETURNS THE
0584          * BYTE IN THE A REGISTER.
0585          0CC9  RDB  EQU  $
0586  0CC9  0800  RPTB  ENT      READ PAPER TAPE BYTE
0587  0CCA  0110          ZAR          SETUP TIMES OUT FOR TTY
0588  0CCB  4032          SEL  6,2   STEP  HSR
0589  0CCC  403A          SEL  7,2   STEP  TTY
0590  0CCD  0150          IAR          TIME TTY INPUT
0591  0CCE  2142          JAZ  $-2   TIME OUT?
0592  0CCF  4831          SSN  6,1   HSR READY?
0593  0CD0  F204          JMP  RHSR  YES
0594  0CD1  4939          SEN  7,1   TTY READY?
0595  0CD2  F605          JMP  $-5   NO, LOOP AGAIN.
0596  0CD3  5838          INA  7,0   READ FROM TTY
0597  0CD4  F201          JMP  $+2
0598  0CD5  5630  RHSR  INA  6,0   READ FROM HSR
0599  0CD6  BE17          EMA  CKSUM GET CHECKSUM
0600  0CD7  1100          RRA  1     ROTATE RIGHT 1 BYTE
0601  0CD8  3201          JOR  $+2
0602  0CD9  8E19          ADD  H80
0603  0CDA  AE18          XOR  CKSUM EXCLUSIVE OR
0604  0CDB  861D          AND  HFF  CLEAR HIGH BYTE
0605  0CDC  BE1D          EMA  CKSUM SAVE CHECKSUM
0606  0CDD  F714          RTN  RPTB  RETURN WITH BYTE
0607  0CDE  000A  HA  DATA :A  CONSTANT
0608  0CDF  FFF9  M7  DATA -7  CONSTANT
0609  0CE0  00B7  HB7 DATA :B7  CONSTNANT
0610          *
0611          * THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS A CHARACTER
0612          *
0613          008A  LF  EQU  :8A  LINE PRINTER LINE FEED CHARACTER
0614  0CE1  0800  PTTY  ENT
0615  0CE2  9E19          STA  RPTB  SAVE CHARACTER
0616  0CE3  5801          ISA          READ DATA SWITCHES
0617  0CE4  13D0          LRA  1
0618  0CE5  B61C          LDA  RPTB
0619  0CE6  2205          JOS  HSPRNT LIST ON LINE PRINTER?
0620  0CE7  403C          SEL  TDA,4 INITIALIZE TTY FOR OUTPUT
0621  0CE8  6C38          OTA  TDA,0 DOIT
0622  0CE9  4939          SEN  TDA,1 WAIT FOR DONE
0623  0CEA  F601          JMP  $-1
0624  0CEB  F70A          RTN  PTTY  EXIT
0625  0CEC  C08A  HSPRNT CAI  LF  IGNORE LINE FEED?

```

0626	0CED	F70C	NOP:ME	RTN	PITY	
0627	0CEE	6D21		WRA	LPDA,1	OUTPUT CHARACTER
0628	0CEF	F70E		RTN	PITY	EXIT
0629			ENDL	END		
0000	ERRORS					

0019	BEGG	0021	0022	0023	0024	0025	0026	0027	0028
		0029	0030	0031	0032	0033	0034	0035	0036
		0509							
0049	BPT	0238*							
0570	CKSUM	0322	0330*	0599*	0603	0605*			
0548	CRLF	0252*	0387*	0502*	0516*	0527*	0553		
0508	CXI	0237							
0473	DSYM	0178*	0503						
0489	DSYM1	0494							
0495	DSYM2	0492							
0503	DSYM3	0476	0497						
0488	DSYM4	0483							
0289	ELOC	0069*	0111	0113	0243*	0384			
0509	END	0247							
0629	ENDL	0509							
0309	ERR	0079	0305	0307					
0304	ERRC	0326							
0306	ERRL	0358	0362						
0308	ERRS	0080	0241	0416					
0080	ERRS1	0047							
0078	ERRT	0038	0261						
0229	EXT	0019*	0244	0245*	0264	0267	0391	0450	
0253	FL	0108							
0283	FLOAD	0092*	0211*	0255*					
0284	FREAD	0256*	0319*						
0410	FSYM	0152*	0182*	0412	0431	0475*			
0316	GNB	0145*	0161*	0193*	0205*	0258*	0274*	0277*	0348
		0350							
0327	GNB1	0321	0329						
0342	GNB2	0318							
0347	GNB3	0344							
0349	GNB4	0332							
0317	GNBA	0346							
0273	GNW	0084*	0125*	0199*	0201*	0269*	0279	0436*	0438*
0507	H10	0259							
0300	H7FFF	0154	0172						
0571	H80	0602							
0301	H8000	0170	0185	0425	0482	0491			
0607	HA	0539							
0101	HALT								
0609	HB7	0542							
0302	HF	0196	0538						
0509	HFF	0328	0415	0604					
0281	HIGH	0070	0074*	0100	0232*	0367	0369*	0382	
0625	HSPRNT	0619							
0077	ISTART	0110							
0613	LF	0625							
0506	LLIM	0246*	0359	0428*					
0286	LLOC	0071	0072	0076*	0103*	0117*	0177	0184	0231*
		0357	0364*	0365*	0366	0514			
0006	LPDA	0627							
0608	M7	0540							

0282	NAMEC	0218	0226*	0338*					
0626	NOP:ME								
0299	NRD	0099*	0254*	0317*	0334*				
0297	NSY	0250*	0392	0424*	0451				
0520	PACHAR	0224*	0400*	0528					
0512	PAHEX	0309*	0517						
0556	PCHAR	0499*	0522*	0568					
0560	PCHAR1	0567							
0377	PEXEC	0097*	0388						
0531	PHEX	0381*	0383*	0386*	0501*	0515*	0546		
0537	PHEX1	0545							
0614	PTTY	0379*	0513*	0524*	0526*	0534*	0543*	0550*	0552*
		0502*	0564*	0624	0626	0628			
0372	PUND	0096*	0403						
0396	PUND1	0402							
0401	PUND2	0398							
0403	PUND3	0394							
0391	PUND4	0373							
0285	RBASE	0066	0075*	0102*	0115	0128	0134	0135	0139
		0141	0230*						
0585	RDB	0327*	0335*	0342*					
0434	RDS	0151*	0176*	0181*	0190*	0440			
0575	RDW	0324*	0331*						
0598	RHSR	0593							
0586	RPTB	0577*	0580*	0606	0615*	0618			
0576	RPTW	0582							
0287	SBASE	0235*							
0440	SEXT	0191*	0411*	0467*	0469				
0455	SEXT1	0466							
0465	SEXT2	0458	0461						
0467	SEXT2A	0462							
0468	SEXT3	0464							
0504	SKIPP	0220*	0339*	0343*	0345*	0347*	0349*		
0355	SLL0C	0088*	0129*	0136*	0148*	0187*	0368	0370	
0364	SLL0CA	0360							
0288	SLOC	0046	0057*	0058	0060*	0380			
0294	SPELL	0123*	0126	0418	0420	0422	0435*	0437*	0439*
		0456	0459	0462					
0344	SSLOC	0063	0143*	0166*	0169*				
0348	SSLOCA	0054							
0357	SSLOCB	0050	0051						
0362	SSLOCC	0056							
0258	START	0039	0077	0087	0118	0132	0137	0149	0179
		0188	0221						
0259	STARTA	0209							
0092	T0	0263							
0097	T0A	0112							
0038	T1	0021							
0139	T10	0036							
0068	T2	0022							
0070	T21	0065	0068						
0065	T3	0023							

0117	T4	0024							
0115	T5	0025	0204						
0122	T6	0026							
0125	T6A	0131							
0120	T7	0027							
0082	T8	0028							
0085	T8A	0090							
0134	T9	0029							
0143	TA	0030							
0144	TAA	0173							
0146	TAAA	0164							
0141	TB	0031							
0151	TC	0032							
0173	TCA	0155							
0171	TCB	0167							
0168	TCC	0157							
0165	TCD	0160							
0176	TD	0033							
0007	TDA	0620	0621	0622					
0181	TE	0034							
0187	TEA	0183							
0290	TEMP	0144*	0147	0158*	0323*	0325	0474*	0486	0489
		0500							
0291	TEMP1	0276*	0278	0480*	0488	0498	0521*	0525	
0572	TEMP2	0536*	0544*	0559*	0566*	0579*	0581		
0292	TEMP3	0045*	0062						
0190	TF	0035	0200						
0201	TF1	0195							
0210	TF2	0203*	0208*	0213	0217				
0199	TF3	0207							
0208	TF4	0198							
0193	TF5	0225	0227						
0222	TF7	0192							
0226	TF8	0222							
0096	TOB	0104							
0293	TRY	0083*	0085*	0124*	0130*	0395*	0401*	0454*	0465*
0505	ULIM	0248*	0361						
0298	UND	0109	0251*	0429*	0477	0479*			

0620 SOURCE LINES